

مشتاق طالب البديري
جامعة القادسية

علي إبراهيم الموسوي
المعهد التقني - بابل

(0°-90°)

(485g/cm³)

(%60,%40,%20)

Study of Some Mechanical Properties for Composite Material Consist of Phenol Formaldehyde Resin Reinforced by Kevlar Fibers

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Abstract

The objective of this research is to study the effect of changed the reinforcement percentage by fibers on Mechanical properties for composite material consist of phenol formaldehyde resin reinforced by biaxial kevlar fibers (0°-90°)(with (485g/cm³) density which included impact strength , tensile strength , and hardness where we extracted the Mechanical properties for phenol formaldehyde resin before reinforced by fibers, then we reinforced the resin by different weight percentage from Kevlar Fibers(20%,40%,60%) and studied its effect on the above Mechanical Properties as illustrated in the diagrams .

Keywords:-Composite Material ,Mechanical Properties, Phenol Formaldehyde Resin , Kevlar Fibers .

(Introduction)

(Reinforced Plastic)

(Blends)

.[]

-:

(Matrix Material)

-

(Metallic Materials)

(Ceramic Materials)

(Polymeric Materials)

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(Reinforcing Material)

-

Reinforcing)

(1 μm)

by (Particulate

(Reinforcing by Dispersed)

.(0.1 μm)

(Reinforcing by Fibers)

.[]

(Fibers Reinforcing)

(Filled Polymers)

(Advanced Composites)

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(Phenol Formaldehyde Resin)

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() [efunda2001]

(Composite Materials Properties)

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:

. (Impact Strength) -

. (Tensile Strength) -

[Lubin1976]

. (Hardness) -

. []

. [Crum1997]

(Experimental Work)

	-
:	
(Phenol Formaldehyde Resin)	-1
(Kevlar Fibers)	-2
Poly(P-Phenylene terephthalamide)	
. (P-Phenylenediamine) (Terephthaloyl Chloride)	
	()
. (485g/cm ³)	(0°-90°)
. (Test Specimens Preparation)	-
:	
. (Impact Specimens)	-
(ASTM-E23)	
(0.5	. (Charpy Impact)
. (45°)	(0.25 mm)
	mm)
. (Tensile Specimens)	-
(ISO – R – 527)	
. ()	
. (Hardness Specimens)	-

(25 mm)

(10 mm)

(%60,%40,%20)

(Mechanical Tests)

-

:

(Impact Test)

-

(Charpy Impact Instrument)

:

$$R = \frac{E}{A}$$

حيث :

. $R =$ مقاومة الصدمة (kJ/m^2) .. $E =$ الشغل أو الطاقة .. $A =$ مساحة المقطع العرضي لنموذج الإختبار (mm^2) .

(Tensile Test)

-

(Universal Instrument)

:

(20 KN)

:

$$\sigma = \frac{F}{A}$$

. (N/m^2)= σ

. (N)

= F . (m^2)= A

(Hardness Test)

-

(Brinell Hardness)

(15 sec)

(10 Kg)

(5 mm)

$$HB = \frac{P}{\left(\frac{\pi \times D}{2}\right) \left(D - \sqrt{D^2 - d^2}\right)}$$

:

:

$$\text{. (N/m}^2\text{)} = HB$$

$$\text{. (N)} = P$$

$$\text{. (mm)} = D$$

$$\text{. (mm)} = d$$

(Results and Discussion)

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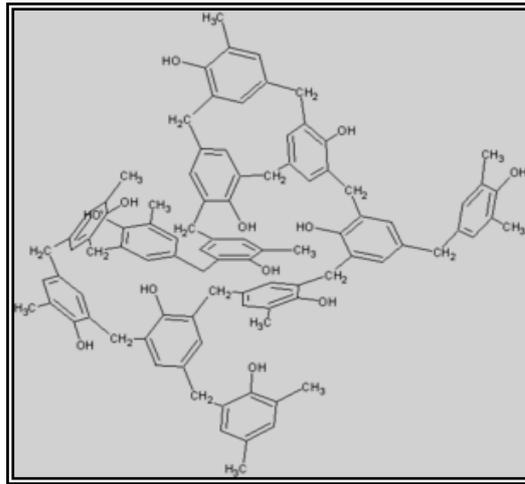
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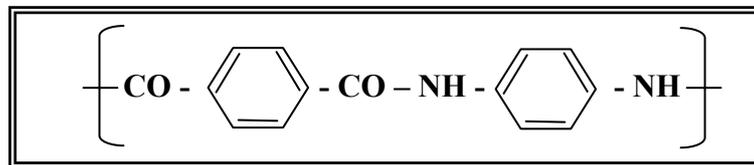
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(Conclusions)(References)

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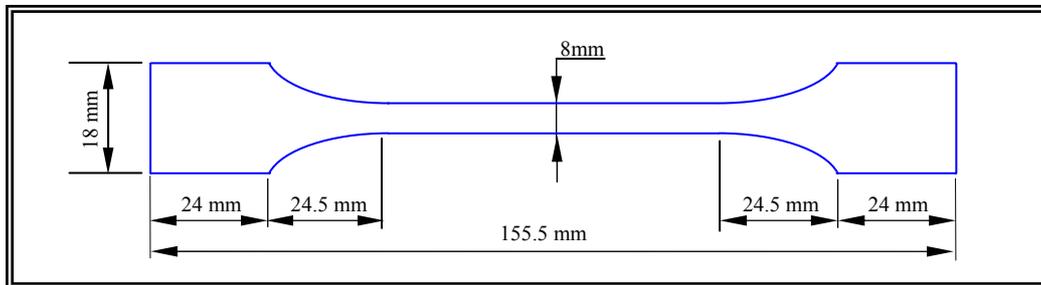


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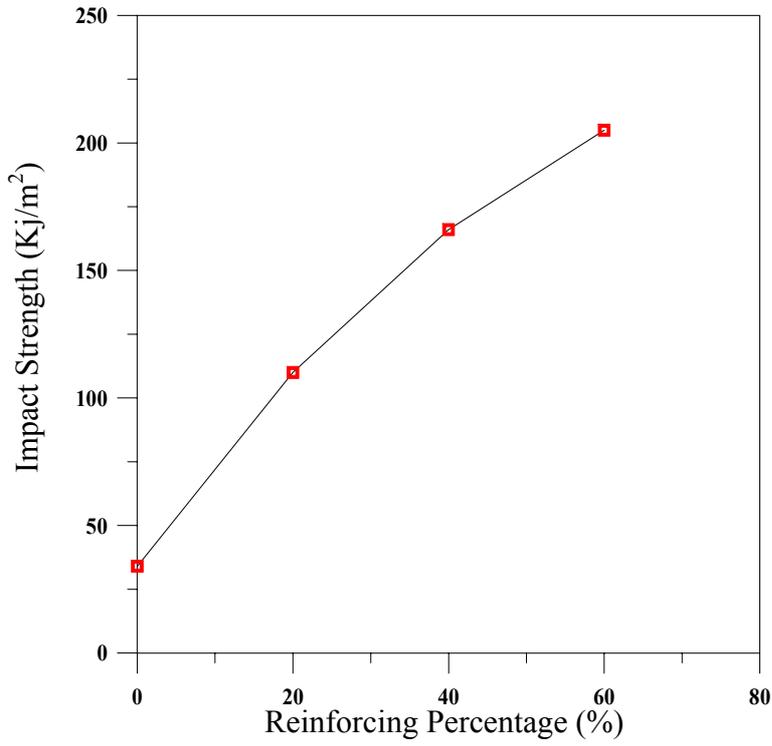


[Crum1997]

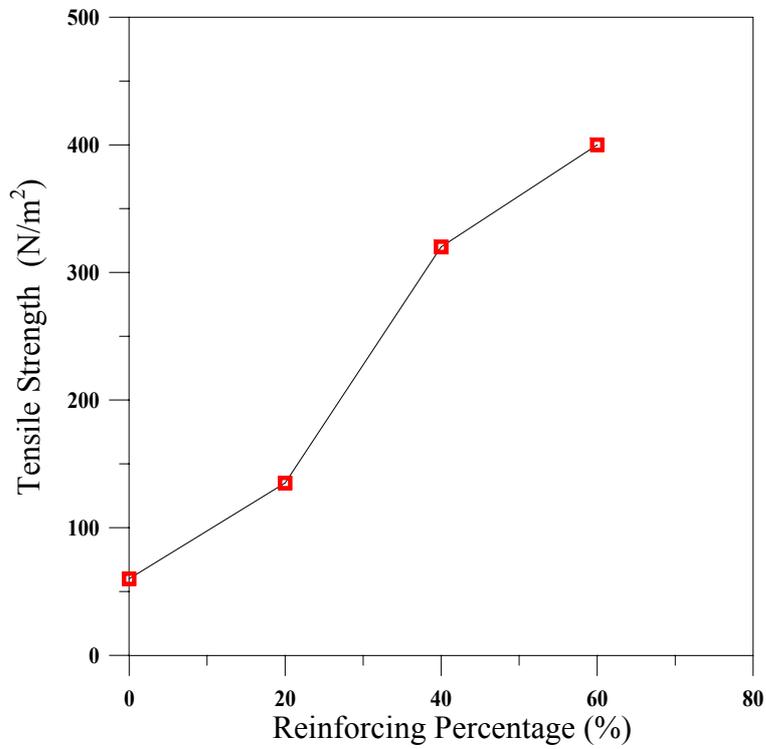
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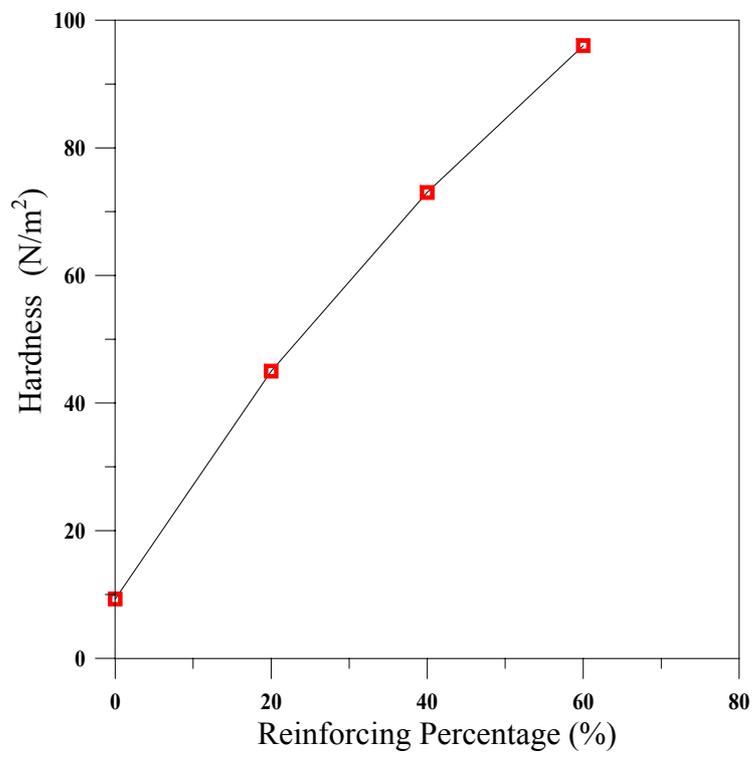
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الشكل رقم (٤) : إختبار مقاومة الصدمة



الشكل رقم (٥) : إختبار مقاومة الشد



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